

MA 341 T2 solution

1. (15 points)

$$r^2 + 9 = 0$$

$$y_c = C_1 \cos 3t + C_2 \sin 3t$$

$$y_p = Ae^{2t} \quad y_p' = 2Ae^{2t} \quad y_p'' = 4Ae^{2t}$$

$$4Ae^{2t} + 9Ae^{2t} = 13e^{2t}$$

$$A = 1$$

$$y = C_1 \cos 3t + C_2 \sin 3t + 1e^{2t}$$

$$y(0) = 0 = C_1 \cos 0 + C_2 \sin 0 + e^0$$

$$0 = C_1 + 1 \quad C_1 = -1$$

$$y = -\cos 3t + C_2 \sin 3t + e^{2t}$$

$$y' = 3 \sin 3t + 3C_2 \cos 3t + 2e^{2t}$$

$$y'(0) = 8 = 3C_2 + 2 \quad C_2 = 2$$

$$y = -\cos 3t + 2 \sin 3t + e^{2t}$$

2. (14 points)

$$r^2 - 2r + 1 = 0$$

$$(r-1)^2 = 0$$

$$y_c = c_1 e^t + c_2 t e^t$$

$$y_p = v_1 e^t + v_2 t e^t$$

$$\left(v_1' e^t + v_2' t e^t = 0 \right)$$

$$v_1' e^t + v_2' (1 e^t + t e^t) = \frac{e^t}{t^2+1}$$

$$v_2' e^t = \frac{e^t}{t^2+1}$$

$$v_2' = \frac{1}{t^2+1} \quad v_2 = \tan^{-1} t$$

$$v_1' = -v_2' t = -\frac{t}{t^2+1}$$

$$v_1 = \int \frac{-t}{t^2+1} dt \quad u = t^2+1 \quad du = 2t dt$$
$$\frac{1}{2} du = t dt$$

$$= \int -\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{u} du = -\frac{1}{2} \ln(t^2+1)$$

$$y_p = -\frac{1}{2} \ln(t^2+1) e^t + (\tan^{-1} t) t e^t$$

3. (15 points) $my'' + by' + ky = F \cos t$

a)
$$3y'' + 3y' + 6y = 18 \cos t \quad \begin{cases} y(0) = 1 \\ y'(0) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$F = ky$
 $mg = k \cdot y$
 $3(10) = k(5)$
 $k = 6$

b) $y'' + y' + 2y = 6 \cos t$

$y_p = A \cos t + B \sin t$

$y_p' = -A \sin t + B \cos t$

$y_p'' = -A \cos t - B \sin t$

$-A \cos t - B \sin t - A \sin t + B \cos t + 2A \cos t + 2B \sin t = 6 \cos t$

$A + B = 6$

$B - A = 0$

$A = B = 3$

$$y_p = 3 \cos t + 3 \sin t$$

4. (12 points) $\int_0^n 2e^{4t} dt = \int_0^\infty e^{-st} 2e^{4t} dt$

$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^n 2e^{(4-s)t} dt = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left. \frac{2}{4-s} e^{(4-s)t} \right|_0^n$

$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2}{4-s} [e^{(4-s)n} - e^0] = \frac{2}{4-s} [0 - 1] = \frac{-2}{4-s} = \frac{2}{s-4}$

$s > 4$ domain

5. (12 points)

$$f = 2t - 2 + u(t-6) + 7u(t-8)$$

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L}\{f\} &= \frac{2}{s^2} - 2e^{-6s} \mathcal{L}\{t+6\} + \frac{7e^{-8s}}{s} \\ &= \frac{2}{s^2} - 2e^{-6s} \left[\frac{1}{s^2} + \frac{6}{s} \right] + \frac{7e^{-8s}}{s}\end{aligned}$$

6. (15 points)

$$F(s) = \frac{12+7s}{s^2(s+4)} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s^2} + \frac{C}{s+4}$$

$$As(s+4) + B(s+4) + Cs^2 = 12 + 7s$$

$$\underbrace{As^2 + 4As} + \underbrace{Bs + 4B} + \underbrace{Cs^2} =$$

$$A + C = 0$$

$$4A + B = 7$$

$$4B = 12 \quad B = 3 \quad A = 1 \quad C = -1$$

$$F(s) = \frac{1}{s} + \frac{3}{s^2} - \frac{1}{s+4}$$

$$f(t) = 1 + 3t - e^{-4t}$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1}\{F(s)e^{-2s}\} = f(t-2)u(t-2)$$

$$= \left[1 + 3(t-2) - e^{-4(t-2)} \right] u(t-2)$$

7. (17 points)

$$s^2 L - s y(0) - y'(0) - 4[sL - y(0)] + 13L = \frac{39}{s}$$

$$(s^2 - 4s + 13)L = \frac{39}{s}$$

$$L = \frac{39}{s(s^2 - 4s + 13)} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B(s-2) + 3C}{(s-2)^2 + 3^2}$$

$$(s-\alpha)^2 + \beta^2$$

$$s^2 - 2\alpha s + \alpha^2 + \beta^2$$

$$\alpha = 2$$

$$4 + \beta^2 = 13$$

$$A(s^2 - 4s + 13) + (B(s-2) + 3C)s = 39 \quad \beta = 3$$

$$\underbrace{As^2 - 4As + 13A} + \underbrace{Bs^2 - 2Bs + 3Cs} = 39$$

$$A + B = 0$$

$$-4A - 2B + 3C = 0$$

$$13A = 39 \quad A = 3 \quad B = -3$$

$$-12 + 6 + 3C = 0 \quad C = 2$$

$$y = 3 - 3e^{2t} \cos 3t + 2e^{2t} \sin 3t$$

